CITY OF PEARL, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements And Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Pearl, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities

As discussed in Note 4.H. to the financial statements, the City has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities and the business-type activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities and business-type activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities and business-type activities is not reasonably determinable.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in "Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities", the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities, of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the City's Contribution and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

The City of Pearl, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pearl, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bond s for Municipal Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Pearl, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Pearl, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walk and Say the

Windham and Lacey, PLLC June 29, 2017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements included integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements

Governmental funds

Proprietary (enterprise) fund

Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to user's understanding of the basic financial statements

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	1,888,785	1,050,076	2,938,861
Property tax receivable		6,656,316		6,656,316
Fines receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$2,245,952)		265,340		265,340
Accounts receivable, net			956,504	956,504
Other receivables		1,336,084	25,795	1,361,879
Internal balances		(204,855)	204,855	
Sales tax receivable		1,679,324		1,679,324
Total Current Assets		11,620,994	2,237,230	13,858,224
Noncurrent Assets:	-			
Restricted cash		615	180,066	180,681
Home Grant receivable		474,000		474,000
Capital assets, net		65,237,564	13,802,366	79,039,930
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	65,712,179	13,982,432	79,694,611
	-		-)) -	,,.
Total Assets	\$	77,333,173	16,219,662	93,552,835
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	4,071,510	475,851	4,547,361
Deferred amount on refunding	Ψ	290,724	127,692	418,416
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,362,234	603,543	4,965,777
Total Defence Outflows of Resources	φ_	4,302,234	005,545	4,905,777
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Claims payable	\$	171,025	32,760	203,785
Accrued interest payable		289,031	20,349	309,380
Unearned revenue		111,209	-)	111,209
Other payables		193,211		193,211
Current portion of capital related long-term debt		4,138,329	467,280	4,605,609
Total Current Liabilities	-	4,902,805	520,389	5,423,194
Noncurrent Liabilities:	-	.,,,		
Long-term non-capital related liabilities due in more				
than one year		4,433,165		4,433,165
Long-term capital related liabilities due in more		1,100,100		1,100,100
than one year		31,266,793	6,072,874	37,339,667
Compensated absences payable		341,178	35,936	377,114
Customer meter deposits payable		511,170	384,310	384,310
Escrowed seizure funds payable		335,866	501,510	335,866
Net pension liability		23,244,477	2,738,669	25,983,146
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	59,621,479	9,231,789	68,853,268
Total Noncurrent Elabilities	-	39,021,479	9,231,709	00,035,200
Total Liabilities	\$_	64,524,284	9,752,178	74,276,462
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax for future periods	\$	6,434,284	0	6,434,284

(<u>Continued</u>)

<u>Exhibit 1</u>

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

Exhibit 1 (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,832,447	7,292,163	37,124,610
Restricted for:			
Debt service	1,374,274		1,374,274
Public safety	826,021		826,021
Public works	312,926		312,926
Capital improvements	1,588,742	(1,530)	1,587,212
Unrestricted	 (23,197,571)	(219,606)	(23,417,177)
Total Net Position	\$ 10,736,839	7,071,027	17,807,866

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Program Reve	nues		Net (Expense) R in Net Position	evenue and Chan	iges
	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 4,682,850				(4,682,850)		(4,682,850)
Public safety	10,612,252	2,174,996	104,909	160,929	(8,171,418)		(8,171,418)
Public works	6,406,980	2,656,615	6,973	1,337,620	(2,405,772)		(2,405,772)
Health and welfare	515,482	301,591			(213,891)		(213,891)
Culture and recreation	1,569,061	1,145,966	254,634		(168,461)		(168,461)
Interest on long-term debt	1,156,299				(1,156,299)		(1,156,299)
Pension expense	2,998,765				(2,998,765)		(2,998,765)
Total Governmental Activities	27,941,689	6,279,168	366,516	1,498,549	(19,797,456)	0	(19,797,456)
Business-type Activities:							
Water/Sewer	7,851,647	8,421,894				570,247	570,247
Pension expense	344,309					(344,309)	(344,309)
Total Business-type Activities	8,195,956	8,421,894	0	0	0	225,938	225,938
Total Primary Government	\$	14,701,062	366,516	1,498,549	(19,797,456)	225,938	(19,571,518)

(<u>Continued</u>)

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Exhibit 2 (Continued)

Net (Expense)	Revenue	and	Changes
in Net Position	1		

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Revenues and Transfers			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 6,662,679		6,662,679
Road & bridge privilege taxes	964,565		964,565
Sales tax	9,872,113		9,872,113
Franchise taxes	872,292		872,292
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	568,844		568,844
Unrestricted investment income	5,173	966	6,139
Miscellaneous	777,786	11,054	788,840
Transfers	396	(396)	
Total General Revenues and Transfers	19,723,848	11,624	19,735,472
Change in net position	(73,608)	237,562	163,954
Net Position - Beginning	14,298,126	6,833,465	21,131,591
Prior period adjustment	(3,487,679)		(3,487,679)
Net Position, as restated	10,810,447	6,833,465	17,643,912
Net Position - Ending	\$ 10,736,839	7,071,027	17,807,866

CITY OF PEARL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2016

	Major Governmental Funds					
		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	-	Fullu	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Cash and investments	\$	(148,778)	1,378,670	650,909	1,880,801	
Property tax receivable		2,130,211	4,526,105		6,656,316	
Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles						
of \$2,245,952)		265,340			265,340	
Sales tax receivable		1,679,324			1,679,324	
Other receivables		112,555			112,555	
Due from other governments		1,106,287	124.071	118,872	1,225,159	
Due from other funds	-	474,684	134,871	2,185,840	2,795,395	
Total Assets	\$	5,619,623	6,039,646	2,955,621	14,614,890	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Claims payable	\$	121,724	1,643	49,316	172,683	
Due to developer		4,433,165			4,433,165	
Due to other taxing units		28,944			28,944	
Due to other funds		2,778,076		316,750	3,094,826	
Other liabilities		112,413			112,413	
State and federal seized funds escrow	-			335,866	335,866	
Total Liabilities	-	7,474,322	1,643	701,932	8,177,897	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property tax for future periods		2,058,971	4,375,313		6,434,284	
Unavailable revenue - fines		265,340			265,340	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	2,324,311	4,375,313	0	6,699,624	
Fund Balances: Restricted:						
Public safety				826,021	826,021	
Committed:) -) -	
Debt service			1,662,690		1,662,690	
Public works				312,926	312,926	
Capital projects				1,114,742	1,114,742	
Unassigned		(4,179,010)			(4,179,010)	
Total Fund Balances	-	(4,179,010)	1,662,690	2,253,689	(262,631)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	5,619,623	6,039,646	2,955,621		

Exhibit 3

(<u>Continued</u>)

Exhibit 3 (Continued)

CITY OF PEARL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of			
Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,			(5.007.5()
therefore, are not reported in the funds:			65,237,564
Fine receivables that have accrued at year-end but are not available to liquidate			265.240
liabilities of the current period are not reported in the funds.			265,340
Long-term note receivable is not available in the current period.			474,000
Deferred outflows of resources are not a financial resource and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds:			
Outflows related to pension liabilities		4,071,510	
Deferred amount on bond refunding		290,724	4,362,234
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance	-		
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are			
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			(60,475)
Accrued interest payable is not a current liability payable from current assets.			(289,031)
Cash with trustee from issuance of long-term refunding notes and certificates of			(,)
participation.			615
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds:			010
Long-term liabilities		(35,746,300)	
Pension liabilities			(58 000 777)
r cusion naonnies	-	(23,244,477)	(58,990,777)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$		10,736,839
	ŕ		.,,,,

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Exhibit 4

	-	<u>Major Govern</u> General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	-				
Property taxes	\$	2,156,951	4,505,728		6,662,679
Road & bridge privilege tax		964,565			964,565
Licenses and permits		301,038			301,038
Fines and forfeitures		1,657,973			1,657,973
Intergovernmental revenues		11,233,528	320,000	2,117,002	13,670,530
Charges for services		2,473,922		1,462,583	3,936,505
Interest income		1,563	2,206	1,145	4,914
Miscellaneous		805,578	19,183		824,761
Total Revenues	-	19,595,118	4,847,117	3,580,730	28,022,965
EXPENDITURES					
Current:		4 500 457	26.262		4 525 710
General government		4,509,457	26,262	2 922 942	4,535,719
Public safety		10,527,113		2,833,842	13,360,955
Public works		2,576,134		3,416,253	5,992,387
Health and welfare		455,573			455,573
Culture and recreation		1,468,241			1,468,241
Debt service:		501.046	4 000 127	442 204	5 752 207
Principal		501,946	4,808,137	443,204	5,753,287
Interest	-	33,898	901,641	217,796	1,153,335
Total Expenditures	-	20,072,362	5,736,040	6,911,095	32,719,497
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(477,244)	(888,923)	(3,330,365)	(4,696,532)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceed of capital lease		438,235		2,536,714	2,974,949
Proceeds of notes		800,000	1,000,000		1,800,000
Transfers in			598,957	152,004	750,961
Transfers out		(730,015)		(20,550)	(750,565)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	508,220	1,598,957	2,668,168	4,775,345
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	30,976	710,034	(662,197)	78,813
Fund Balances - Beginning		(722,307)	952,656	2,915,886	3,146,235
Prior period adjustment	-	(3,487,679)		. ,	(3,487,679)
Fund Balance, as restated	-	(4,209,986)	952,656	2,915,886	(341,444)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(4,179,010)	1,662,690	2,253,689	(262,631)
	-				

CITY OF PEARL Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016		<u>Exhibit 5</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	78,813
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts Capital outlay Depreciation expense	are: 3,065,883 (2,374,283)	691,601
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. In the current period, these amounts are: Net loss on sale of capital assets		(15,547)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to Governmental Funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental Funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition costs of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:		
Long-term debt issued Payments on debt principal Amortization of premiums on bonds and certificates of participation	(4,774,949) 5,753,287 17,147	995,485
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in accrued bond interest expense	(3,901)	
Change in compensated absences Change in deferred outflows - amortization of bond refunding costs Change in deferred inflows - fines	(74,578) (16,210) (144,065)	(238,754)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities related to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the Governmental Funds. These activities include:		
Recording pension expense for the current year Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Recognition of contributions made in the fiscal year prior to measurement date	(2,998,765) 360,983 1,014,843	(1,622,939)
Change in due from business-type activities to governmental activities for internal service fund costs.		(14,265)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) is reported within governmental activit	ies.	51,997
Interest earned on cash with trustee		1
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	(73,608)

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2016

		Business-type Act Enterprise Funds			Internal Service Fund
	-		Water/Sewer		
		Water/Sewer	Improvements	Total	Self-Insurance
ASSETS	-				
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,038,346	11,730	1,050,076	7,984
Accounts receivable, net		956,504		956,504	
Due from other funds		791,632	16,691	808,323	
Other current assets		25,795		25,795	
Total Current Assets	-	2,812,277	28,421	2,840,698	7,984
Noncurrent Assets:	-	· · ·			·
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		180,066		180,066	
Capital assets, net		13,203,841	598,525	13,802,366	
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	13,383,907	598,525	13,982,432	0
	-	10,000,207			
Total Assets	\$	16,196,184	626,946	16,823,130	7,984
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	475,851		475,851	
Deferred amount on refunding		127,692		127,692	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	603,543	0	603,543	0
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Claims payable	\$	32,760		32,760	
Accrued interest payable		20,349		20,349	
Due to other funds		603,468		603,468	68,487
Current portion of long-term debt		437,329	29,951	467,280	
Total Current Liabilities	-	1,093,906	29,951	1,123,857	68,487
Noncurrent Liabilities:	-		·		<u> </u>
Long-term liabilities		5,503,800	569,074	6,072,874	
Compensated absences payable		35,936	,	35,936	
Customer meter deposits payable		384,310		384,310	
Net pension liability		2,738,669		2,738,669	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	8,662,715	569,074	9,231,789	0
Total Liabilities	\$	9,756,621	599,025	10,355,646	68,487
	_				
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,262,712	29,451	7,292,163	
Restricted for capital improvements			(1,530)	(1,530)	
Unrestricted	-	(219,606)		(219,606)	(60,503)
Total Net Position	\$	7,043,106	27,921	7,071,027	(60,503)

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Internal Service Fund				
			Water/Sewer		~
	_	Water/Sewer	Improvements	Total	Self-Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	8,421,894		8,421,894	347,948
Miscellaneous revenue		, ,		, ,	1,105
City and employee contributions					1,733,442
Total Operating Revenues	_	8,421,894	0	8,421,894	2,082,495
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services		1,621,663		1,621,663	
Contractual services		375,089		375,089	
Materials and supplies		90,107		90,107	
Maintenance		495,758		495,758	
Utilities		375,414		375,414	
West Rankin charges		2,939,642		2,939,642	
Depreciation expense		744,341		744,341	
Other operating expenses		1,357,623	361	1,357,984	
Medical claim payments and insurance					2,025,126
Total Operating Expenses	_	7,999,637	361	7,999,998	2,025,126
Operating Income (Loss)		422,257	(361)	421,896	57,369
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS	ES)				
Interest income		937	29	966	258
Interest expense		(195,958)		(195,958)	
Other income		11,054		11,054	
Transfers out			(396)	(396)	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	_	(183,967)	(367)	(184,334)	258
Change in Net Position		238,290	(728)	237,562	57,627
Net Position - Beginning		6,804,816	28,649	6,833,465	(118,130)
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	7,043,106	27,921	7,071,027	(60,503)

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Business-type A Enterprise Fund			Internal Service Fund
	-		Water/Sewer		
	-	Water/Sewer	Improvements	Total	Self-Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	9 517 400		9 517 400	
Receipts from customers Receipts from internal services provided	\$	8,517,490		8,517,490	2,082,495
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,137,113)	(361)	(7,137,474)	2,002,495
Payments for insurance claims		(7,137,113)	(501)	(7,157,171)	(2,025,126)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	1,380,377	(361)	1,380,016	57,369
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITII	T.C.				
Other revenues	20	11,054		11,054	
Transfers in (out)/Change in interfund payables		(600,361)	(396)	(600,757)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(589,307)	(396)	(589,703)	0
	-	(30),301)	(3)()	(30),103)	0
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from debt issues			599,025	599,025	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(4,762)	(598,525)	(603,287)	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(453,739)		(453,739)	
Interest expense paid	_	(198,975)		(198,975)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	-	(657,476)	500	(656,976)	0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	_	937	29	966	258
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		134,531	(228)	134,303	57,627
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,083,881	11,958	1,095,839	(49,643)
Cush and Cush Equivalents' Deginning of Feat	-	1,005,001	11,750	1,095,059	(1),013)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	1,218,412	11,730	1,230,142	7,984
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	422,257	(361)	421,896	57,369
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	-				
to cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		744,341		744,341	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		105,737		105,737	
(Increase) decrease in other current assets		(9,193)		(9,193)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of		(102, 179)		(102, 179)	
resources - pension		(193,178) (67,153)		(193,178) (67,153)	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(67,153) (948)		(67,153) (948)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(1,005)		(1,005)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		379,519		379,519	
Total adjustments	-	958,120	0	958,120	0
	-				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	1,380,377	(361)	1,380,016	57,369

CITY OF PEARL Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2016

Agency Funds ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 8,065 Due from other funds 163,063 **Total Assets** \$ 171,128 LIABILITIES \$ 171,128 Due to state treasury \$ 171,128 Total Liabilities

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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<u>Exhibit 9</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

The City of Pearl (City) is a code-charter municipality governed by an elected mayor and seven aldermen. In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of such a potential component unit addressed in defining the City's reporting entity:

Excluded from the reporting entity is the Pearl Separate School District. This potential component unit has a separate board appointed by the City that approves their annual budget. This potential component unit was excluded from the reporting entity because the City has determined that it is not financially accountable for the potential component unit under criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

There are no other potential component units.

B. Basis of Presentation.

Government-wide Financial Statements.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the City as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements.

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the City. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with Proprietary Funds' primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year-end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for resources accumulated and used for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of borrowing.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

The water and sewer fund accounts for the activities of the water and sewer system.

The water/sewer improvements fund accounts for construction projects for the water and sewer system.

Additionally the City reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Special Revenue Funds - Account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

Debt Service Funds - Account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - Account for resources that are to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of long-term debt and federal and state grants.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

Internal Service Funds - These funds account for employee health insurance provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

Agency Funds - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City, acting in capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity.

1. Deposits.

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of 14 days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the City may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the City did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

2. Receivables.

Receivables represent amounts due to the City for revenue earned that will be collected sometime in the future. Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

3. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to retroactively report major general infrastructure assets by September 30, 2007. The City met those criteria and retroactively reported major general infrastructure assets. Current year general infrastructure assets are required to be reported. General infrastructure assets acquired after September 30, 1980, are reported on the government-wide financial statements. Current year general infrastructure assets are reported on the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. Interest cost incurred during the construction of Proprietary Fund capital assets is capitalized as part of the cost of construction. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	_	Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	N/A
Infrastructure		0	20-50 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

* Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

5. Compensated Absences.

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

7. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Equity Classifications.

The difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as Net Position on the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements and as Fund Balance in the governmental funds financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net assets not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend assigned resources first and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the City:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

10. Intergovernmental Revenues in Government Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis prescribed by state law (cash basis).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing these proposed expenditures.
- 2. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an order.
- 3. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the various funds, except for Debt Service Funds, because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 5. Budgets for the various funds are adopted on a cash basis as required by state law.

It is the City's policy to prepare the budget on the cash basis for revenues and expenditures to the extent that they are paid within 30 days following year-end.

Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Aldermen, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

3. Prior Period Adjustment.

A summary of the significant fund equity adjustments are as follows:

Exhibit 2 - Statement of Activities:

	Amount
\$	811,306 (4,298,985)
\$	(3,487,679)
_	Amount
\$	811,306 (4,298,985)
\$	(3,487,679)
	**

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds.

A. Deposits.

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,127,607 and the bank balance was \$5,351,645. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

B. Receivables.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's governmental activities and business-type activities, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	(Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Receivables:				
Sales tax	\$	1,679,324		1,679,324
Property taxes		6,656,316		6,656,316
Accounts			1,046,496	1,046,496
Fines		2,511,292		2,511,292
From State of Mississippi		460,460		460,460
From Pearl/Richland Intermodal		764,699		764,699
Other receivables		110,925		110,925
HOME grant receivable		474,000		474,000
Gross receivables		12,657,016	1,046,496	13,703,512
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		(2,245,952)	(89,992)	(2,335,944)
Net total receivables	\$	10,411,064	956,504	11,367,568
			Unavailable	Unearned
Unearned cash court bonds			\$	111,209
Property taxes receivable: General Fund			2,058,971	
Debt service fund			4,375,313	
			<u> </u>	
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental f	unds	3	\$ 6,434,284	111,209
ç				

C. Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City reports the following items in this category:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position/Proprietary Fund Statements of Net Position

Deferred outflows related to pensions. This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates.

Deferred amount on bond refunding. This amount represents the unamortized balance of losses incurred in the refunding of bonds.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City reports the following items in this category:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position

Property tax for future periods. This item results from recording a receivable for property tax revenue when the revenue will not be available until a future reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

Property tax for future periods. This item results from recording a receivable for property tax revenue when the revenue will not be available until a future reporting period.

Unavailable revenue – fines. This amount represents the portion of fines receivable that does not meet the current financial resources criteria, and accordingly, will not be available until a future reporting period.

D. Capital Assets.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, is as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	¢ 7.040.((1				7.040 ((1
Land	\$ 7,848,661	15 005		(2(0,015))	7,848,661
Construction in progress	2,239,527	15,805		(368,015)	1,887,317
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,088,188	15,805	0	(368,015)	9,735,978
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	22,643,307				22,643,307
Improvements other than buildings	24,971,457	10,292		368,015	25,349,764
Streets	23,194,931				23,194,931
Bridges	668,537				668,537
Machinery and equipment	13,822,428	182,980	(109,725)	486,813	14,382,496
Leased equipment	2,723,599	2,856,806		(486,813)	5,093,592
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,024,259	3,050,078	(109,725)	368,015	91,332,627
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(3,908,091)	(475,966)			(4,384,057)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,875,923)	(288,307)			(6,164,230)
Streets	(10,605,621)	(464,139)			(11,069,760)
Bridges	(294,158)	(13,371)			(307,529)
Machinery and equipment	(11,069,418)	(648,542)	94,178	(345,269)	(11,969,051)
Leased equipment	(1,797,723)	(483,958)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	345,269	(1,936,412)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,550,934)	(2,374,283)	94,178	0	(35,831,039)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	54,473,325	675,796	(15,547)	368,015	55,501,589
		0.00,000	(10,0.1)		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 64,561,513	691,601	(15,547)	0	65,237,564

Adjustments are made primarily for completed projects and for lease purchases paid off during the year.

(Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 401,636			401,636
Construction in progress		598,525		598,525
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	401,636	598,525	0	1,000,161
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	92,793			92,793
Water system	13,466,239	4,762		13,471,001
Sewer system	21,980,887			21,980,887
Leased equipment	101,399		(101,399)	
Machinery and equipment	2,113,624		101,399	2,215,023
Total capital assets, being depreciated	37,754,942	4,762	0	37,759,704
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(90,637)	(269)		(90,906)
Water system	(7,789,902)	(336,908)		(8,126,810)
Sewer system	(14,194,415)	(386,676)		(14,581,091)
Leased equipment	(83,833)		83,833	
Machinery and equipment	(2,054,368)	(20,488)	(83,833)	(2,158,689)
Total accumulated depreciation	(24,213,155)	(744,341)	0	(24,957,496)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,541,787	(739,579)	0	12,802,208
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,943,423	(141,054)	0	13,802,366

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	133,661
Public safety		1,108,792
Public works		641,295
Health and welfare		69,039
Culture and recreation		421,496
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	2,374,283
Business-type activities:		
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$_	744,341

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers.

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2016, is a follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General	Other Governmental Funds	\$	316,750
General	Internal Service Fund		68,487
General	Water Sewer		89,447
Debt Service	General		134,871
Other Governmental Funds	Water Sewer		627,996
Other Governmental Funds	General		1,557,844
Water Sewer	General		922,298
Agency	General		163,063
Total		\$	3,880,756

Some interfund payables are due to costs of shared capital projects and loans. Other loans are temporary operating loans.

Interfund Transfers:

Transfer out: General Fund Other Governmental Funds Water Sewer Improvements Fund	\$	730,015 20,550 396
Total transfers out	\$_	750,961
Transfer in: Debt Service Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	598,957 152,004
Total transfers in	\$	750,961

Transfers are made primarily for debt service, internal service charges and to distribute receipts from the State that are deposited into the General Fund.

F. Leases.

Capital Leases.

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various equipment in the governmental activities. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The City is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2016:

	Governmental Activities
Asset: Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 5,093,592 (1,936,412)
Total	\$3,157,180

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30:		Governmental Activities
2017 2018 2019	\$	770,440 652,985 529,028
2020 2021 2022-2026	_	505,195 399,595 1,269,577
Total minimum lease payments Less: amount representing interest		4,126,820 (534,306)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	3,592,514

G. Long-term Debt.

Bonds

The City issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Tax increment financing bonds and special assessment bonds will be repaid from incremental taxes and special assessments on the subject property and not the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	_	Amount
Governmental activities	0.9% - 5.95%	\$	19,096,687
Unamortized premium			44,432
Business-type activities	0.9% - 4.0%		3,120,880
Unamortized premium		_	21,495
		\$	22,283,494

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		
Year Ending September 30:	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2017	\$	1,690,374	615,004	199,612	120,897	
2018		1,585,491	566,389	209,510	113,209	
2019		1,410,608	517,054	219,392	103,170	
2020		1,430,727	471,132	229,275	94,280	
2021		1,465,844	423,059	239,157	84,868	
2022-2026		6,491,331	1,369,286	1,373,667	266,837	
2027-2031		3,794,731	371,157	650,267	35,168	
2032	_	200,000	4,000			
Total	¢	18,069,106	4,337,081	3,120,880	818,429	
10(a)	ф 	18,009,100	4,557,081	3,120,880	010,429	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Special Assessment Bonds

The City also issued special assessment debt in 1998 and 1999 to provide funds for the construction of streets and other infrastructure in a new commercial development. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. The bonds have a stated rate of interest of 5.1% and 4.9% and are payable in equal installments of principal.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

	(Governmental Activities		
Year Ending September 30:	_	Principal	Interest	
2017 2018	\$	121,000 106,000	11,329 5,298	
Total	\$_	227,000	16,627	

Tax Increment Financing Bonds

The City also issues bonds where the City pledges incremental increases in ad valorem and sales tax receipts from the property benefiting from infrastructure improvements financed by the bonds to pay debt service.

Tax increment financing bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	(Governmental Activities		
Year Ending September 30:		Principal	Interest	
2017	\$	248,006	42,779	
2018		261,341	30,134	
2019		64,872	16,604	
2020		68,607	12,868	
2021		39,112	8,915	
2022-2024		118,643	13,261	
Total	\$	800,581	124,561	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Certificates of Participation

In accordance with Section 31-8-1, et seq. Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the City issued Certificates of Participation and transferred the proceeds to the Central Mississippi Public Improvement Corporation (Corporation). The funds were used to construct a new Public Safety Complex. At completion, the Corporation entered into a 20-year agreement with the City, with the City being obligated to make payments to the corporation equal to the principal and interest on the debt. When the debt is paid, the City will assume ownership of the facility. The obligation is not a general obligation and does not constitute a pledge of full faith and credit of the City. There is an unamortized premium associated with this issue of \$75,708 which is not included in the principal in the following schedule:

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending September 30:	Principal	Interest				
2017 2018	\$ 280,000 285,000	204,313 198,712				
2019	290,000	193,013				
2020	300,000	184,313				
2021 2022-2026	305,000 1,675,000	175,313 733,314				
2027-2031	2,005,000	410,665				
2032-2033	915,000	50,020				
Total	\$6,055,000	2,149,663				

Loans Payable

The City has received several loans from the State of Mississippi and banks to finance various projects including infrastructure, fire stations and water/sewer improvements. These loans are made under various programs, some of which have federal participation.

Loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Loan Type	Interest Rates	_	Amount
Governmental Activities:			
Capital Improvement (CAP)	3.0% - 4.25%	\$	781,282
Mississippi Development Bank - Trustmark	3.02% - 6.15%		4,800,000
Community Bank	1.35% - 1.68%		959,500
Total Governmental Activities		_	6,540,782
Business-type Activities:			
Capital Improvement (CAP)	3.0% - 4.25%		340,368
Mississippi Department of Health Drinking			
Water Systems Improvements Revolving			
Loan Fund (DWSIRLF)	3.0%		3,057,408
Total Business-type Activities			3,397,776
Total		\$	9,938,558

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Loan debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

C	Governmental A	ctivities	Business-type Activities	
_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
¢	1 1 4 4 0 0 1	152 225	2(7(5)	(4.000
\$	1,144,981	153,335	267,653	64,820
	1,158,808	131,984	305,625	56,800
	692,966	110,348	306,062	48,523
	698,793	96,005	308,778	40,263
	575,234	80,413	269,637	32,609
	2,270,000	155,395	952,386	86,201
			807,685	19,993
			179,950	
\$	6,540,782	727,480	3,397,776	349,208
	\$	Principal \$ 1,144,981 1,158,808 692,966 698,793 575,234 2,270,000	\$ 1,144,981 153,335 1,158,808 131,984 692,966 110,348 698,793 96,005 575,234 80,413 2,270,000 155,395	Principal Interest Principal \$ 1,144,981 153,335 267,653 1,158,808 131,984 305,625 692,966 110,348 306,062 698,793 96,005 308,778 575,234 80,413 269,637 2,270,000 155,395 952,386 807,685 179,950

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, is as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$	19,769,363		(1,700,257)	18,069,106	1,690,374
Special assessment bonds		345,000		(118,000)	227,000	121,000
Tax increment financing bonds		1,030,716		(230,135)	800,581	248,006
Certificates of participation		6,325,000		(270,000)	6,055,000	280,000
Unamortized premiums - GO bonds		56,990		(12,558)	44,432	4,401
Unamortized premiums - certificates						
of participation		80,297		(4,589)	75,708	4,588
Total bonds payable		27,607,366	0	(2,335,539)	25,271,827	2,348,369
Capital leases		1,116,619	2,974,949	(499,054)	3,592,514	653,969
Loans payable		7,676,623	1,800,000	(2,935,841)	6,540,782	1,144,981
Compensated absences		266,599	74,578	(_,, _, _, _, _, _,	341,177	_, ,
1	•	,				
Governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$	36,667,207	4,849,527	(5,770,434)	35,746,300	4,147,319
	:					
Business-type Activities:						
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$	3,310,624		(189,744)	3,120,880	199,627
Unamortized premiums		23,449		(1,954)	21,495	1,954
Total bonds payable		3,334,073	0	(191,698)	3,142,375	201,581
Loans payable		3,060,792	599,025	(262,041)	3,397,776	267,653
Compensated absences		36,941		(1,005)	35,936	
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	6,431,806	599,025	(454,744)	6,576,087	469,234
iong-term naunues	φ	0,431,600	399,023	(434,744)	0,570,087	409,234

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Capital assets, related accumulated depreciation, and lease obligation were transferred from business activities to governmental activities.

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater that 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the City, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. As of September 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 6.69% of the latest property assessments.

Current Year Defeasance of Debt:

In fiscal year 2015, the City issued bonds to refund portions of an earlier issue. The bonds refunded had call provisions to allow the City to pay off portions of the outstanding balances. The proceeds of the refunding bond were transferred to an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2016, \$2,890,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Summary of Refunding

Refunding Issue:

Date	Description			Issue Amount
December 11, 2014	City of Pearl, Mississippi \$3,330,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014			\$ 3,330,000
Refunded Issue:				
Date	Description	Original Issue	Amount Defeased	Non- Refunded Balance at 9/30/2016
Name 15, 2007	.			
November 15, 2007	Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007	\$ 10,525,000	\$ 2,890,000 \$	\$ 4,594,986

H. Due To Developer.

As part of the development of the Urban Renewal District which comprised the Trustmark Park Stadium, Bass Pro Shop and Sam's Club, the City agreed, through various instruments, to pledge sales and ad valorem taxes generated from these businesses to the developer, Bloomfield Equities, to be used for debt service on the Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds. In addition, the State of Mississippi agreed to pay an amount not to exceed \$17,797,887 from all the sales tax generated from these businesses including the amount that would normally be diverted to the City. Until this amount was paid to the developer, the City did not receive any of the normal diversions from the State. In 2013, the State met its obligation and started diverting to the City its share of sales tax revenue collected from these businesses. However, it appears that the City did not become aware that the State had started these diversions and as a result did not remit them to the developer. In 2014, the City began remitting estimated payments to the developer for the amounts of diversion received. In 2016, both the developer and the City calculated the amount of the underpayment which was primarily from the years 2011, 2012 and 2013 and reached an agreement for repayment of that underpayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The agreement, dated August 10, 2016, requires the City to repay \$4,433,165. The City will begin making payments on this debt in monthly installments of \$54,321 commencing January 1, 2018, with final payment of the balance on November 1, 2024. There is no interest on this debt. At September 30, 2016, the balance of this debt is \$4,433,165.

Because most of this debt occurred prior to the current year, a prior period adjustment was recorded in the current year to reflect the overstatement of revenues in the prior years. The overstatement of revenues in prior years resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$4,298,985. See Note 3.

5. Other Information.

A. Risk Financing.

The City minimizes its risk of loss for workers compensation, employee health, and property and liability through the purchase of commercial insurance.

B. Contingencies.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

A pledge agreement dated December 1, 2004, was executed between the City and the Trustee in connection with the issuance by the City of Pearl Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 2004B and 2004C. Those bonds are described in Note F. The City, in the agreement, has agreed to pay on an annual basis, any revenue deficit up to \$800,000 per year on the combination of amounts owed to Bloomfield Equities, LLC, from specific revenues generated from the property so that the amount of \$800,000 per year will be available from the various revenue sources for debt service on the Series 2004A and Series 2004B bonds. In addition, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors entered into an agreement with the City of Pearl to pledge to the City \$320,000 per year for partial payment of the City's obligations described herein. In 2016, the City paid Bloomfield Equities, LLC \$589,902 under this agreement. In 2016, the Rankin County Board of Supervisors paid the City \$320,000.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations.

West Rankin Utility Authority

The City entered into an agreement on February 24, 1977, with the City of Jackson (Jackson), the implementing agency for the West Rankin Regional Wastewater System (the System), to pay an annual payment representing its proportionate share of the debt service required to pay back a revenue bond issued by Jackson for the construction of the System, to pay its proportionate share of Jackson's wastewater treatment costs and to pay its proportionate share of other costs related to the System.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

In 2002, the City, along with other cities and governing authorities in Rankin County, created the West Rankin Utility Authority (a political subdivision of the State) to acquire the System from the City of Jackson. The Authority will maintain and operate the System and charge its customers for use of the System. Jackson will charge the Authority for wastewater treatment at its treatment facility. The City's annual payment shall be the percentage of the total annual costs as determined by dividing the City's wastewater volume contributed to the System in the prior year by all the wastewater volume for all contracting parties. Adjustments for variances between actual and prior year's usage are to be determined annually and appropriate adjustments are to be made to each contracting party's account.

From October, 2015 through September, 2016, the City paid \$2,939,642. For the twelve-month period beginning October 1, 2016, the City's annual financial responsibility will be \$3,224,364.

Pearl-Richland Intermodal Connector Commission

The Pearl-Richland Intermodal Connector Commission was established by interlocal agreement between the Cities of Pearl and Richland, dated November 1, 2005, to cooperate together to more efficiently and effectively utilize their governmental power and authority in connection with and in order to accomplish the planning, design, funding, acquisition of right-of-way for, construction, operation, maintenance and implementation of transportation connections and road systems connecting the two cities, including without limitation the Pearl-Richland Intermodal Connector and other projects linking U.S. Highway 80, U.S. Interstate 20 and U.S. Highway 49 in Rankin County. The commission will consist of two members, one from each city, who shall be either the mayor of the city or his designee.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City is due a reimbursement of \$764,699 from the Commission for funds loaned to the Commission to cover expenditures not yet reimbursed by the State.

D. Note Receivable.

In 1998, the City received a grant from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the construction of a senior citizens apartment complex. The grant provides funds for a long-term loan to the developer of this project. The apartment complex is collateral on the loan. Repayment begins the first month after the final payment on the first mortgage loan with payments of \$1,786 per month. The current balance of the note receivable is \$474,000.

E. Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan.

Plan Description – The City of Pearl is a member of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment and is granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the City. Code Section 25-11-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), grants the authority for general administration and proper operation of PERS to the PERS Board of Trustees (PERS Board). PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Benefits Provided – Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who become members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of credited service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. Benefit provisions are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

A Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions – Per Chapter 11 of Title 25, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established and may be amended only by the PERS Board. The adequacy of these rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2016, member employees were required to contribute 9.00 percent of their annual pay, while the City's required contribution rate was 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll. The City's employer contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$1,533,794, \$1,426,817 and \$1,433,970, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At September 30, 2016, the City of Pearl reported a liability of \$25,983,146 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was .145462 percent, which was an increase of 0.001212 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City of Pearl recognized pension expense of \$3,343,074.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

At September 30, 2016, the City of Pearl reported as a component of pension expense, deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred
		Outflows
		of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	692,888
on pension plan investments		3,153,887
Changes of assumptions		1,410,157
Changes in proportion and differences between		
City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		(1,112,011)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		402,440
Total	\$	4,547,361
These amounts will be amortized as follows:		
Year Ended September 30:	_	Amount
2017	\$	1,431,043
2018		1,268,409
2019		932,166
2020		513,303
Total	\$	4,144,921
	·	

\$402,440 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, set forward one year for males.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed Income	20.00	0.25
Real Assets	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the City of Pearl's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the costsharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the entity's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.750%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,316,218	\$ 25,983,146 \$	19,899,072

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, publicly available at www.pers.ms.gov.

F. No Commitment Debt.

In August 1999, the City issued mortgage revenue bonds to provide for the cost of acquisition and renovation of a 120-unit apartment project - Rankin Square. The bonds are secured by project receipts, project mortgage, deed of trust and other security as described in the bond indenture. The bonds are payable solely from receipts of the project. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2012, the principal amount payable was \$3,685,000, which is the original issue amount. The bonds are in default. On November 14, 2011, the trustee was directed by the District Court of Minnesota to sell the property and disburse the proceeds in full settlement of the outstanding debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds

In 2004 and 2005, bonds were issued by the City to finance construction of the baseball stadium, the Bass Pro Shop site, and other related projects. They are to be repaid solely from the various revenues generated by the projects including incremental increases in property taxes and sales taxes that may result from construction and operations of the projects. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the City and, accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

These bond issues are:

Title	Issue Date	Maturity	Issue Amount	Current Balance
Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2013	05/05/2015	11/01/2034 \$	10,000,000 \$	10,000,000
Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2016	08/10/2016	11/01/2024 \$	14,110,000 \$	14,110,000
Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2012	06/19/2012	11/01/2024 \$	18,250,000 \$	15,085,000

G. Commitments.

A pledge agreement dated December 1, 2004 was executed between the City and the Trustee in connection with the issuance by the City of Taxable Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, 2004B and 2004C as described in Note F. The City, in the agreement, has agreed to pay Bloomfield Equities, LLC \$150,000 per year during the last ten (10) years of the initial term of the agreement; such payments commencing on January 1, 2015, with such amounts to be used for debt service on the Series 2004A and 2004B bonds.

H. Other Postemployment Benefits.

The City, through a commercial insurance carrier, provides health, dental and group term life coverage to City employees to the limits established by the plan document. Since retirees may obtain health insurance under this plan by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive an insurance premium rate differential, the City has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB 45 as a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan. Effective October 1, 2008, the City implemented GASB Statement 45 prospectively, which requires reporting on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. The City does not issue a publicly available financial report for the plan. However, the City has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the City reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

I. Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City of Pearl evaluated the activity of the City through June 29, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	 Issue Amount	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
12/14/2016	1.790%	\$ 1,000,000	Equipment note	Ad valorem taxes

J. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The City of Pearl's governmental activities unrestricted net position amount of (\$23,197,571), includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$4,071,510 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next four years.

The City of Pearl's governmental activities unrestricted net position amount of (\$23,197,571), includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from an advanced refunding of city debt. The \$290,724 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next ten years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules: General Fund Police Forfeiture/Seizure Fund

Schedule of the City's Contributions - PERS

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS

CITY OF PEARL Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_				
Taxes	\$	2,068,727	2,156,951	2,156,951	
Licenses and permits		383,500	301,038	301,038	
Fines and forfeitures		1,931,000	1,657,973	1,657,973	
Intergovernmental revenues		11,744,200	12,177,488	12,177,488	
Charges for services		1,425,400	1,279,404	1,279,404	
Miscellaneous revenues	-	2,054,100	2,001,173	2,001,173	
Total Revenues	-	19,606,927	19,574,027	19,574,027	0
EXPENDITURES					
General government		2,883,778	4,675,109	4,675,109	
Public safety		11,573,843	10,700,591	10,700,591	
Public works		2,960,528	2,584,618	2,584,618	
Health and welfare		501,107	454,185	454,185	
Culture and recreation		1,308,974	1,235,265	1,235,265	
Total Expenditures	-	19,228,231	19,649,768	19,649,768	0
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	378,696	(75,741)	(75,741)	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of debt			800,000	800,000	
Transfers in			,	,	
Transfers out			(730,015)	(730,015)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	0	69,985	69,985	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		378,696	(5,756)	(5,756)	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	1,500,000	(918,753)	(918,753)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,878,696	(924,509)	(924,509)	0

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF PEARL Schedule of the City's Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,533,794 1,533,794	1,426,817 1,426,817
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	0
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,738,374	9,059,156
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%

The accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 prior to the fiscal year presented.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/2015, and until a full 10- year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

CITY OF PEARL Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	_	2016	2015		2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	25,983,146	22,298,205		18,080,045
City's proportionate share of the new pension liability (asset)		0.145462 %	0.144250	%	0.148952 %
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,305,575	9,059,156		9,104,921
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	/	279.2212733 %	246.1399826	%	198.5744302 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.467727 %	61.703983	%	67.207687 %

The accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

1. Budget.

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the various department managers for their respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major fund.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	Governmenta Fund Type	
		General Fund
Net Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Cash Basis) Increase (decrease):	\$	(5,756)
Net adjustments for revenue and expense accruals		36,732
Net Change in Fund Balance GAAP Basis	\$	30,976

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

2. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the City's Contributions.

Changes in Benefit Provisions. None

Changes of Assumptions.

In 2016, the assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF PEARL Schedule of Surety Bonds For Municipal Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Name	Position	Surety Agency	Bond Amount
Brad Rogers	Mayor	Travelers Casualty & Surety	5 100,000
Terry Ishee	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Gavin D. Gill	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Todd V. Jenkins	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Kenneth M. Sartor	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
John P. McHenry	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Rebecca L. Tullos	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Casey S. Foy	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Joann Ladner	City Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	100,000
Timothy Sarrett	Chief of Police	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Kelly Scouten	Deputy City Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Cynthia Jenkins	Deputy City Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Karen Jenkins	Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Christi Jenkins	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Shanna Gentry	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Debbie Blackwell	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Kayla Collins	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Melissa Lovorn	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Carol Ishee	Deputy Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Aletha White	Executive Office Manager	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Pamela Malone	Accounting Supervisor	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Teresa Wilson	Assistant Office Manager	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Terry Welsh	Water Billing Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Phyllis Berry	Water Billing Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Judy Grimes	Water Billing Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Hazel Rogers	Water Billing Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Billy Jordan	Superintendent - Garage	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Paul Oliver	Director of Community Development	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Nancy Ballard	Community Dev. Deputy Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Lorraine Knight	Community Dev. Secretary	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Otis Myers	Director of Golf	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Ruth Gullette	Senior Programs Director	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Angela Jones	Senior Programs Asst. Director	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Various	Police Officers	Travelers Casualty & Surety	25,000
Various	Dispatchers	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Jacqueline Parker	Parks and Rec. Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
William Sutton	Building Inspector	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Lakeisha Love	Events Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000

CITY OF PEARL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30,2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Agency or Pass-through Number		Federal Disbursement/ Expenditure
Major Federal Award					
U. S. Department of Transportation/ Mississippi Department of Transportation/ Pearl-Richland Intermodal Connector	20.205	P.L.104-0447	STPD-7040-00-(001) LPA	\$	78,834
U. S. Department of Transportation/ Mississippi Department of Transportation/ West Rankin Parkway	20.205	P.L.104-0447	STPD-7334-00-(007)LPA		1,286,709
U. S. Department of Transportation/ Mississippi Department of Transportation/ MDOT Landscaping Project	20.205	P.L.104-0447	STPD-7314-00-(024) LPA		21,590
U. S. Department of Transportation/ Mississippi Department of Transportation/ MDOT Signal Project	20.205	P.L.104-0447	STPD-0191-00-(026) LPA	_	2,502
Total Expenditures of Major Federal Awards				_	1,389,635
Other Federal Awards:					
Environmental Protection Agency/ Drinking Water Systems Improvement Revolving Loan Program	66.468		DWI-L610017-06-1		194,890
Office of National Drug Policy/ HIDTA Grant	95.001		G14GC003A		23,495

(<u>Continued</u>)

CITY OF PEARL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30,2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Disbursement/ Expenditure
U. S. Department of Agriculture/Central Mississippi Planning and Development District/Nutrition Program for the Elderly	93.045		1216-47/1196-47	34,914
U. S. Department of Agriculture/Central Mississippi Planning and Development District/Nutrition Program for the Elderly	93.053		1216-47/1196-47	7,785
Total Expenditures of Other Federal Awards				261,084
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$1,650,719

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note A: Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Pearl and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Pearl, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Pearl.

The Pearl-Richland Intermodal Connector is a joint project for which the City is the lead city member. As lead, the City is required to report the grant expenditures on this schedule. However, the actual disbursements and related receipts are not recorded on the City's books.

SPECIAL REPORTS

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Pearl, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2017. The report is qualified on the governmental activities and the business-type activities because the City has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities and the business-type activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Pearl, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 16-1, 16-2, 16-3 and 16-4 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Pearl, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

The City of Pearl, Mississippi's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City of Pearl, Mississippi's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Walk and Song Place

Windham and Lacey, PLLC June 29, 2017

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Pearl, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. The City of Pearl, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Pearl, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Uniform Guidance. Those standards and OMB Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Pearl, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Pearl, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Pearl, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Pearl, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance the ternal control over compliance with a type of compliance ternal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Unified Guidance. Accordingly this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Walk and Say the

Windham and Lacey, PLLC June 29, 2017

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Pearl, Mississippi

We have audited the primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pearl, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the procedures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures and our audit of the primary government financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Walk and Sary Rec

Windham and Lacey, PLLC June 29, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

	Bu Ge Po De Ca	overnmental activities usiness-type activities eneral Fund dice Forfeiture/Seizure Fund ebt Service Fund upital Projects Fund ggregate remaining fund information	Qualified Qualified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified				
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weakness identified?	Yes				
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported				
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements?		No				
Fede	eral Awa	ords:					
4.	Intern	Internal control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No				
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported				
5.	Туре	of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified				
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No						
7.	Federal program identified as a major program:						
	U. \$	S. Department of Transportation/Highway Planning					

and Construction, CFDA #20.205

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000
 - 9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency - Material Weakness

16 - 1. Finding

Effective October 1, 2008, the City implemented GASB Statement 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* prospectively, which requires reporting on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. However, the City has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits, nor has the City reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City did not have internal controls in place to determine the liability associated with other postemployment benefits.

No

Recommendation

The City should develop procedures to determine the liability associated with other postemployment benefits and report that liability in its financial statements.

City's Response

We believe that the costs associated with determining the liability associated with postemployment benefits, particularly the cost of hiring actuaries to determine the liability, would be prohibitive given the budget constraints faced by the City. City management believes that the expenditures associated with compliance would be better spent providing needed services to citizens. Additionally, City management believes the postemployment benefit liability would not be significant to the financial statements.

Significant Deficiency - Material Weakness

16 - 2. Finding

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. As reported in prior years, the City did not have adequate internal controls over interfund transactions. We found interfund transactions that were not completely accounted for and lacking supporting documentation that would facilitate identification in the funds. Such a deficiency could prevent management and employees from preventing or detecting and correcting misstatements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Recommendation

The City should develop procedures to properly record and document interfund transactions. Because of the volume of such transactions, we recommend that the accounting department and city clerk keep a schedule of all such transactions and reconcile those logs periodically. Additionally, we recommend a file be kept of the supporting documentation for those transactions.

City's Response

We will address these concerns by implementing controls and monitoring their application.

Significant Deficiency - Material Weakness

16 - 3. Finding

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. The City discovered during the fiscal year that the reports generated by the court fine management software were not accurately reporting the amounts of fines, fees and assessments. Although the City discovered this problem, it was not discovered for several months, resulting in overstatement of fine and fee revenue and overpayment of assessments to the State of Mississippi during the year. Additionally, the City failed to make the necessary changes to the software that would prevent this problem from reoccurring. Further, we found that fine revenue in prior years may have been understated due to either faulty reports or errors in recording the information reported in them resulting in a prior period adjustment to fund balance. See Note 3.

Recommendation

The City should take steps to correct the software errors to improve reporting, improve procedures for recording information generated by the reports and develop internal controls to prevent or detect and correct these errors on a timely basis.

City's Response

We will address these concerns by improving software and by implementing controls and monitoring their application.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Significant Deficiency - Material Weakness

16 - 4. Finding

There was a failure of internal controls that should have prevented errors in the recording of sales and ad valorem tax revenues that were pledged to developers for debt service. In prior years, the City failed to identify and report the pledged sales and ad valorem taxes as payable to the developer as required by various agreements entered into by the City with the developer. As a result, sales and ad valorem tax revenue was overstated and the amount due to the developer was not reported in prior years. We corrected this error by recording a prior period adjustment in the current period. See Notes 3 and Note 4.H.

Recommendation

The City should develop procedures to properly record pledged sales and ad valorem tax revenues and the amounts due to the developer for those pledged collections on a timely basis.

City's Response

As soon as the actual amount due to the developer was determined, the City reported the amount due and made arrangements to repay the developer. This did not occur until August 2016, when a reconciliation was prepared by the developer. Although the City and the developer thought there was an amount due to the developer, neither of us believed the amount was as much as was finally determined. This was a result of the intricacies of the various revenue pledges made by the State, the City and Rankin County as well as the availability of adequate information to determine actual amounts collected and due to the developer.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.